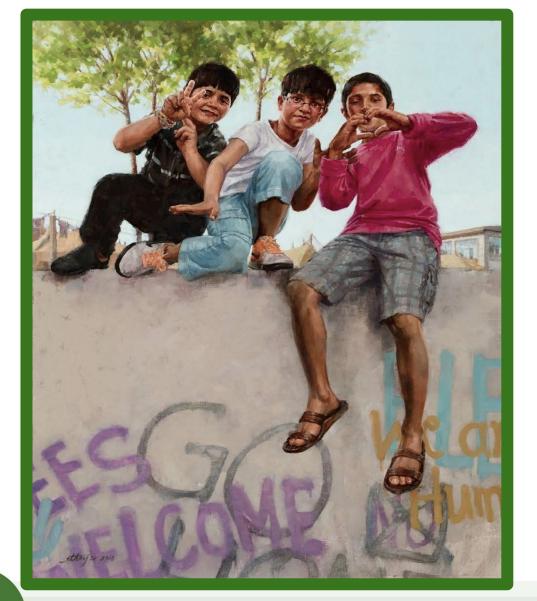


Invisible Barriers to Integration:

Best Practices in Belonging







Transforming the perception of refugees worldwide, one story at a time.

We envision a world where there is no them, only us.

Three Pillar Mission

Educate

Individual stories engender understanding and empathy and raise awareness of the challenges displaced people face.

Advocate

Advance public policy supporting refugees. Inspire people to welcome newcomers and build a platform for advocacy led by refugees.

Integrate

Create welcoming communities ready to receive people forcibly displaced from their homes due to violence, persecution, and other events outside their control.



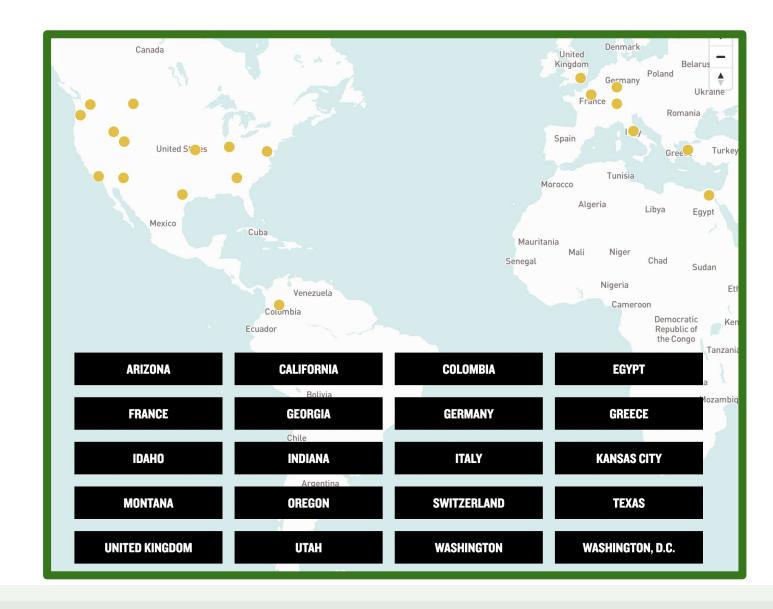


Where We Work

Community Programs Teams build networks by engaging in local refugee integration.

Through personal experience and relationships with community partners, we encounter opportunities to further TSOS' mission.

TSOS Community Programs are in 20 locations.



Individual Connections

- Online ESL teacher and student
- World Refugee Day event
- What city do you live in?
- +1 more point of contact





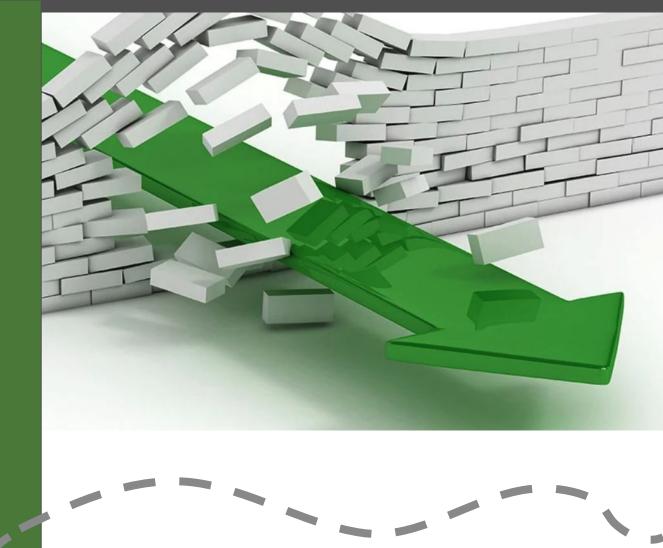
Leveraging Connections





- Omaid Sharifi, a well known Afghan artist in the art world around DC
- Wishlist where people could purchase and ship art supplies to Jahan's home
- Assisting her with establishing an online art shop
- Support for studio space
- Housing & paperwork

"When you reached out, I knew I had to do something!"



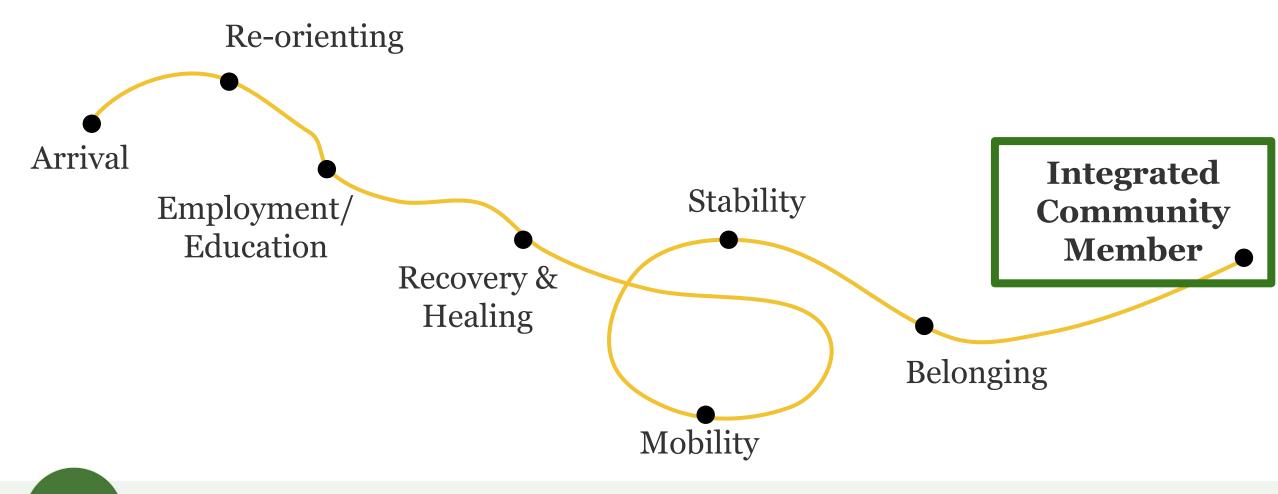
Integration

is a process that enables a newcomer to achieve an "equal footing with the native population in terms of functioning in society," ... "particularly through meaningful socio-economic inclusion."

Jacobs and Rea 2007



Integration: a path with many steps



Invisible Barriers to Integration:

Best practices in belonging

Policy & Law

Access to Affordable Housing

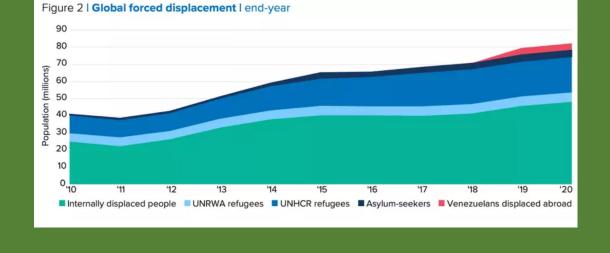
Fulfilling and Sustaining Work



Policy & Law Unfathomable Numbers

As of today, more than **100 million** people worldwide have been forcibly displaced from their homes.

- Increase of 10.7 million people since the end of the prior year
- 1 out of every 80 people on earth
- 8 million displaced within Ukraine and more than 6 million refugee movements from Ukraine
- Nearly half are under the age of 18
- Prior to 2021, 68% came from five countries: Syria, Venezuela, Afghanistan, South Sudan and Myanmar
- Number has more than DOUBLED since 2010



Khwaga | Afghanistan

I miss **everything**... I can't count. I miss **everything**, like the work I used to do there and how much I enjoyed working there, talking to people, reporting from there, and then afterwards sitting and having a chit-chat with my friends, and then go home and talk to my family, sit with them, have dinner with them, watch a TV show with them. My house – I had dogs. I left my cat. I miss **everything** about my home. **Everything**.

Khwaga Ghani, NPR Journalist, age 31



Ways Displaced Individuals May Arrive in the United States

- Refugee Resettlement
- Special Immigrant Visa (SIV)
- Humanitarian Parole
- Temporary Protected Status (TPS)
- Asylum Seeker



Refugee Application/Vetting Process

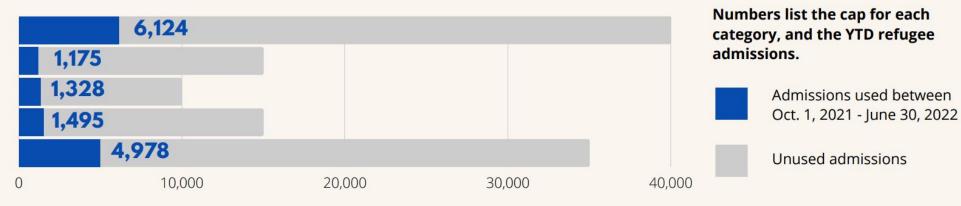
- Apply through the United Nations Refugee Council
- No guarantee of resettlement in the U.S. or any specific country
- Process is intense and takes 1-3 years to complete
 - Biometric screening
 - Multiple interviews with applicants and family members
 - Security checks by six different U.S. government agencies
 - Medical evaluations



Actual Arrivals

Oct. 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022



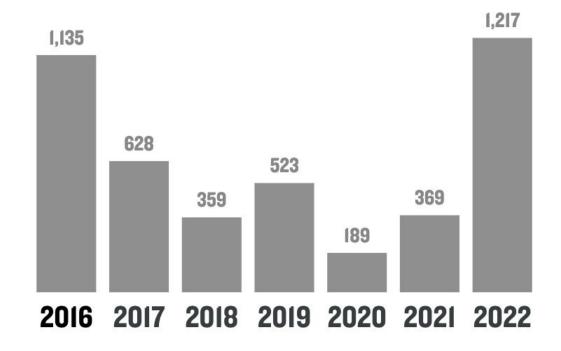




Q1 - Q3 Total

The US resettled 15,100 refugees out of the 125,000 goal, or 12%.

Idaho Arrivals



2022 Countries of Origin

• Afghanistan: 513

• Ukraine: 260

Democratic Republic of Congo: 245

• Sudan: 82

• Syria: 28

Top Countries of Origin Since 2000

• Congo: 2,975

• Iraq: 1,697

• Afghanistan: 1,470

• Bhutan: 1,340

• Burma: 897

Special Immigrant Visas (SIVs)

- Created specifically to provide legal pathway for Iraqi and Afghan interpreters (and their immediate family members) who worked with the U.S. armed forces.
- Broadened to include other positions of employment with the U.S. government (ex: security, transportation, cultural advisement)
- Must be recommended by an armed forces general or flag officer and supply proof of employment, copies of birth certificates and proof of previous background checks.



Humanitarian Parole

• **Temporary**, not permanent, legal status allowing individuals who may be inadmissible or otherwise ineligible for admission to the U.S. to enter the United States for **urgent humanitarian reasons** or **significant public benefit**Afghan Related Information

Afghanistan

Venezuela

Ukraine

Cuba

Haiti په افغانانو پوري مربوط معلومات Nicaragua

- Provides recipients an **opportunity to seek permanent legal status** through asylum or other green card categories
- Because it does not include the benefits of a green card or the right to work, must have a financial sponsor
- Once in safe third-party countries or U.S. military bases, work with U.S. government to obtain parole status











Temporary Protected Status

- **Temporary**, not permanent, legal status
- Must be in the U.S. as of the date your country is designated for TPS to be eligible.
- Secretary of Homeland Security may designate a country for TPS due to:
 - Ongoing armed conflict
 - Environmental disaster or epidemic
 - Other extraordinary and temporary conditions
- Protects individual from removal and allows them to receive an employment authorization document (EAD)

Temporary Protected Status Designated Countries				
Afghanistan	Haiti	Sudan		
Burma	Nepal	South Sudan		
Cameroon	Nicaragua	Ukraine		
El Salvador	Syria	Venezuela		
Ethiopia	Somalia	Yemen		

Introduction to Asylum Law

AFFIRMATIVE ASYLUM

- Available to individual seeking entry with a visa or already present in the U.S.
- Must file with U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) within one year of entering the country.

DEFENSIVE ASYLUM

- Foreign national has no lawful means of entering the country and asks for asylum, or
- Is apprehended as an unauthorized immigrant and an asylum request is filed

Different admissions process / Different agency review (USCIS)

Burden of Proof

Individual seeking asylum must show that they have a "well-founded fear" of persecution on account of:

- Race,
- Religion,
- Nationality,
- Membership in a particular social group, or
- Political Opinion

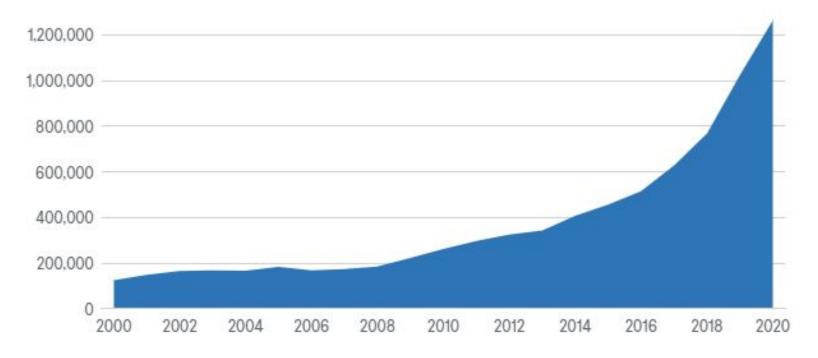
Applicant bears the burden of establishing he or she is eligible for asylum and must show:

- 2. The treatment rises to the level of persecution;
- 3. The persecution was on account of one or more protected grounds; and
- 4. The persecution was committed by the government, or by forces that the government was unable or unwilling to control



U.S. Immigration Court Backlog at All-Time High

Pending cases by fiscal year



Note: Totals include immigration charges as well as charges related to national security and terrorism.

Source: Syracuse University.

FOREIGN RELATIONS "Anyone could become a refugee. **It's a thing that happens to you**, it's not who you are."

- Trevor Noah





The weight can be overwhelming.

Sometimes, students think [refugees like us] come here to take their money, to take from the government. I have had enough money in my life. For me, my family and my freedom are good enough.

I only want to be free and life in peace and safety.

Affordable Housing Incentives



Introduction What is Affordable Housing?

- Purpose
- Impacts
- Incentives





Households paying more than 30% of their income to housing are considered "cost burdened."

What best policies and practices could be enacted in Boise to provide better housing for all?



Housing Case Studies

Renton, WA

Financial tools

- •Local sale tax increases
- •HB 1406- shared taxes between Renton and Washington
- •Real Estate Excise tax (REET)
- •Multi-Family Tax Exemption (MFTE)
- •Property tax levies
- Deed restriction

Policy Tools

- Development regulations
- •Housing construction fees and charges
- •Regional groups
- •Create a housing action plan
- •Authorize new housing types in single family zone

Austin, TX

Affordability unlocked
Downton density bonus
SMART housing for single family
Transit oriented
University Neighborhood Overlay
Vertical Mixed use
Micro-Unit
Planned Unit Development

California

Statewide guideline

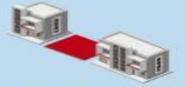
- 5% of the total units are very low income at less than 50% AMI
- 10% of the units are low income households at less than 80% AMI
- For developments near universities, major economic activity, transit corridors or regional centers they're subject to 10-35% density bonus





IDENTIFY "HOUSING HOT SPOTS"

Best In Practice



Build on vacant urban land already zoned for multifamily development



Intensify housing around transit hubs



Add units to existing single-family homes



Add units to underutilized urban land zoned for multifamily development



Develop affordable and adjacent single-family housing



REMOVE BARRIERS TO HOUSING DEVELOPMENT



Incentivize local governments to approve already planned-for housing



Accelerate land-use approvals



ENSURE HOUSING ACCESS



Prioritize state and local funding for affordable housing



Attract new investors in affordable housing



Design regulations to boost affordable housing while maintaining investment attractiveness



UNLOCK SUPPLY BY CUTTING THE COST AND RISK OF PRODUCING HOUSING



Raise construction productivity



Deploy modular construction



Accelerate construction permitting



Reduce housing operating costs



Align development impact fees with housing objectives

Boise Housing Initiatives

	Incentive	Affordability Requirement	Sustainability Requirement
Large Lot Residential (R-1A) Suburban Residential (R-1B) Traditional Residential (R-1C)	Allowance for a triplex or a fourplex	1 of 3 or 2 of 4 units are income-restricted to households earning no more than 80% Area Median Income (AMI)	Must meet clean energy, energy savings, and water savings design requirements
Mixed Use Active (MX-3)	50% reduction in minimum parking	25% of all permitted homes are income- restricted to households earning no more than 60% Area Median Income (AMI)	Must meet clean energy, energy savings, and water savings design requirements
Mixed Use Transit Oriented Development (MX-4)	No parking requirement No height	25% of all permitted homes are income- restricted to households earning no more than 60% Area Median Income (AMI)	Must meet clean energy, energy savings, and water savings design requirements



"Housing choice matters"



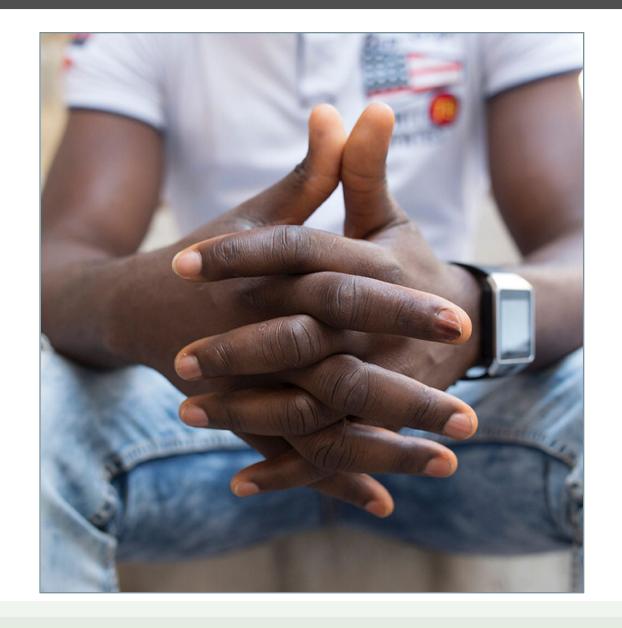
Fulfilling & Sustaining Work

I want to work.

I have been here in Italy one year and six months. It's not easy for me. I am lost. I've not seen my family, friends, or people from my childhood. ...I'm feeling bad.

I used to have a job working to make mechanical generators. I want to work. **Human beings are supposed to work**. ...

The Italians give me a place to sleep and food, but **I need help finding a job**."



Welcome Back Initiative



Started in San Francisco 2001, there are currently 10 centers in eight states that have served approximately 15,000 participants from 167 countries.

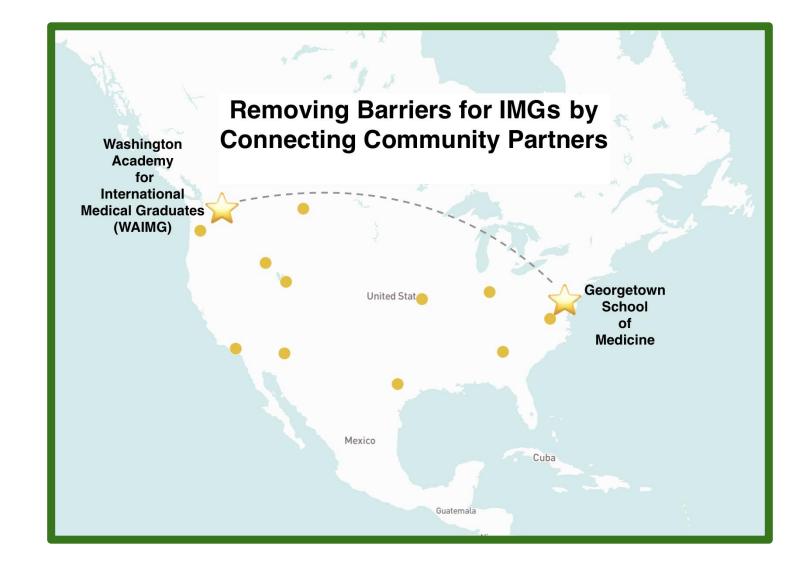
"I work with internationally educated health professionals.

But what I really do is I remind people that their dreams didn't die when they came to the States."



Employment Case Study

- Georgetown School of Medicine
- Washington
 Academy for
 International
 Medical Graduates
 (WAIMG)



The Goal: Interview Foreign-trained Physicians & Develop a Mentoring Program

The Process

Interview Training:

• 14 GUSOM Students

Interviews:

- 1 Afghan Ministry of Health
- 2 Afghan male physicians
- 3 Afghan female physicians
- 1 Ukrainian female physician

Community Partners:

- Nova Friends of Refugees
- Upwardly Global
- Welcome Back Center/Highline College (Washington State)
- Washington Academy for International Medical Graduates (WAIMG)



- Top among 55,000 other students
- Received full scholarship to medical school
- ER doctor for 4 years
- Hasn't cared fo a patient since 2020

Becoming a doctor was my dream. Now sometimes I [wonder] who am I?

...I have to pass USMLE and residency, but I have responsibilities. I have a baby and I have two siblings. They go to school, and I have my mom. I have to make money. I couldn't sit and study to pass the exams."

66

- General Surgeon since 1995
- Associate Professor,
 Herat Medical
 University, since
 1997
- Founder, Private Hospital, 2011-2021
- Founder, Ultrasound
 Diagnostic Clinic,
 1998-2018
- Hasn't cared for a patient since Aug.
 2021

In the US, a source of income is very important. Without any salary or any income you cannot sustain here. If I want to pursue or take USMLE I need 8 hours, at least or 6 hours studying very hard for minimum one year to pass this step one...

I'm a little disappointed because it's been one year and I haven't been able move forward on a medical career. I don't have enough time to allocate for that."

GUSOM Analysis

- 263,000 non-US IMG health professionals are enduring what is sometimes referred to as brain waste.
- An estimated 333,942
 healthcare providers left their jobs in 2021,
- Approximately 117,000 of these providers were physicians.
- There are an estimated \$4.6 billion in costs related to physician turnover attributable to burnout.

GUSOM NOVA Friends of Refugees CBL

The Invisible Doctors

A path forward for refugee physicians and US healthcare workforce



GUSOM IMG Mentoring Implementation

- **Tier 1:** Provide Mentoring Support to up to 10 initial interviewees and candidates
 (In partnership with GUSOM Student Tutors, Washington Academy for IMGs, Upwardly Global)
- **Tier 2:** Make proposal to Georgetown Medical and Medstar to create institutional-level "ladder-up midternship" (In partnership with Upwardly Global)
- **Tier 3:** Leverage legislative contacts to advocate for legislation that supports IMG career paths (In partnership with Washington Academy for IMGs)

"Receiving your email was like getting the email of the year!"

"This news has breathed new life into me."



What they bring with them:

Professional skills, flexibility, drive, patience

I was hoping finding employment would be easy for me since I'm educated, a professional pharmacist. I started going from pharmacy to pharmacy offering my service, paid or unpaid."

Six years later, she smiles because she is able to work in a safe environment.



You never know a person until you know their story.